The Effect of Collaborative Strategic Reading toward Students Reading Skill

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Abstract
This article aimed to improve student’s skill in reading an English text. It is used Collaborative Strategic Reading (CSR). This method consist of 4 steps those are : Preview, Click and Clunk, Get the Gist and Wrap Up with the purpose is improving students reading comprehension by working in the group. The research subject was 8 grade of SMP 1 Jogoroto. There were 18 males and 14 females in the sample of research. There were two cycle pretest and posttest, the pretest was done before the implementation of Collaborative strategic reading in the class and the posttest was done after the implementation of CSR technique in the class. The students reading skill before the teacher apply the Collaborative strategic reading was only 50% it because of the students not really know the pronunciation well but after the implementation of CSR technique in the class and the teacher apply the steps in CSR technique well (preview, Click and clunk, get the gist and wrap up) the students reading skill was 100%. In term the student’s participation, the students actively answer the question from the exercise by working in a group and pay attention to the teachers’ explanation (feedback).

Keywords: Collaborative Strategic Reading, Reading Comprehension, Reading Skill

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INTRODUCTION
In our life we need to communicate and connect with other people, because as human we have sociability that can not be erase from human, so language is important as a bridge between human. English is the international language every people around the world should understand about English. In Indonesia, English language plays an important role because the students in elementary school until college students should learn about English (Suhono, & Sari, 2017; Suhono, 2016; Haikal, H. 2018). It means that Minister of Education in Indonesia want the generation of Indonesia smart and ready to face the globalization. Unfortunately students in Indonesia not really understand about English, they feel difficult to learn because English language is really different from Indonesian Language: the pronunciation, the meaning etc (Sari, & Suhono, 2017; Sari, Y. A., Utama, F., & Yawisah, U. 2019; Hasyiim, U. A. A., & Suhono, S. 2017).

According to Hoetomo, (2005) skilled is capable in completing tasks, capable and deft. Skills are for completing assignments or required skills Speaking, Reading, Listening, and Writing are the skills that the students should be master in learning English Language but in this study the author choose Reading as skill that can make the students better to study about English (Saori, 2020). It is because the students not really know how to read in
English text and feel difficult when interpret the English text. Based on an interview with the English teacher in SMP 1 Jogoro to in Jombang, Est Java. It is found that many students still have problems in reading. When the teacher asked the students to read the English text, they seemed to be less motivated and some other students are found lack of vocabulary, with the result that these situations make them difficult to understand what they are reading. The other problem from the students is fluency. Many students are not fluent in reading.

To make the students reading skill increase the Author use Collaborative Strategic Reading (CSR) strategy. Collaborative Strategic Reading is a strategy which purpose is improving students reading comprehension by working in group. Its strategies include previewing the text, click and clunk, getting the gist and wrapping up. CSR is originally designed by Klingner and Vaughn in 1996 that combines modified reciprocal teaching and cooperative learning. CSR strategy consist of 4 steps that the students apply before, during, and after reading in small group, in one group there are 5 students. The steps in the strategy: Preview(before reading), Click and Clunk (during reading), Get the Gist (during reading) and Wrap Up (after reading).

Elkaumy (2004) in Abidin and Riswanto (2012) explains the concept of CSR as the following: The concept of this strategy is engaging students to work in small cooperative groups (3-5) and apply four reading strategies: Preview, Click & Clunk, Get the Gist and Wrap Up. Preview allows students to generate interest and activate background knowledge in order to predict what they would learn (Ross, 2020; Jannah, 2020). Click & Clunk are self- monitoring strategy which controls their understanding about words, concepts and ideas that they understand or do not understand or need to know more about (Sembiring, 2020; Purnawan, 2019). Get the Gist. Students identify the main ideas from reading to confirm their understanding of the information. Wrap Up provides students with an opportunity to apply metacognitive strategies (plan, monitor and evaluate) for further extend comprehension.

In addition, Collaborative Strategic Reading is a strategy that make the students working together in small group. Each group consist of 5 students. All group would apply the steps in Collaborative strategic reading those are Preview, Click and Clunk, Get the Gist and Wrap up (Alqarni, 2015; Wu, J. Y., & Peng, Y. C. 2017). Preview: the students predict about the English text and make the students interest about the topic. Further is described by Bremer, (2002) that the preview is a strategy for Activate student knowledge before reading. Click and Clunk: the students in each group try to find difficult word in the English text (Vaughn, 2011). Click and Clunk According to Boardman et al (2011) is a strategy that Teach students to monitor their understanding during reading and Look at the preceding sentence context, when there are words that are considered difficult Understood. Get the gist: the students try to find the main Idea in each paragraph by discussion in each group. According to Vaughn et. Al. In Standish, (2005) "Get the gist Also Known as a way to find the main idea and practiced when Read the text Wrap up: the teachers invites the students to evaluates the English text and the students try to find the conclusion from the text. Khonamri (2015) argues that wrap up is a strategy that Teach learners to generate questions and ideas for Review the main idea in the text he has read. By applying Collaborative strategic reading as reading strategy, the students are hoped to have improvement in reading skill.

METHOD

The researcher used Quasi Experimental design which is including of Pre-test and Post-test. The teacher carry out the Pre-test before apply the Collaborative Strategic Reading strategy to the students. It is done because the teacher want to know the students reading ability before the implementation the CSR technique. And after the teacher apply the CSR strategy there the post-test was given to the students it is done because the
teacher want to know the effectiveness of CSR technique toward students reading ability. The population in this study is all the students of SMP 1 Jogoroto especially at 8 grade in academic year 2019/2020. The sample of this research is class 8 I. Population is a generalization region consisting of objects or subjects that have certain qualities and characteristics set by the researchers To study and then with draw the conclusion (Sugiyono, 2010)

Instruments are tools used to collect data. According to Arikunto, (2019). To collect the data teacher need the instruments. It is made the teacher easier to know that the Collaborative strategic reading effective or not toward students reading skill. In this study there are 4 those are: Reading test consist of Pretest and Posttest, Observation, Interview, and Questionare.

The reading test ability (pretest and posttest) is made by the reasearcher and directly corrected by the lecturer and also the English teacher in SMPN 1 Jogoroto. It is done to make the reading test valid in order the reading test is suitable for the students ability. there are many types of validity in this study it called Expert validation. The topic that were used in this study is from the students book, before making the reading test the teacher of SMP 1 Jogoroto order the researcher to continue the chapter in English book, the topic is “what are you doing”. To know the students reading ability the researcher were made a reading test or Pre-test it was done before the implementation of CSR technique.

To find out the hypothesis is successful, which says there are significant differences before and after the application of the CSR technique and the effectiveness of CSR technique toward students reading skill, the writer employed a t-test. Hatch and Lazaraton (as cited in Tamah, 2000) argue that it is important to check the normality of the distribution when t-test is used. Therefore, the pretest as well as the post-test scores were checked for their normal distribution and equal variances. When normal distribution and equal variances were not met, nonparametric tests would be employed.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

*The Students’ Reading Skill before the Implementation of CSR Technique*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Interval</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>68,75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>62,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>56,25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From the table above, in this pre-test there are 2 students got 50 scores, 2 students got 68,75 scores, 9 students got 62,5 scores and there are 19 students got 56,25 scores. It means that there is no students reach the KKM value. It is proved that the students reading ability is really low, they were not motivated and not really interest when reading english text.
The Effect of Collaborative Strategic Reading Toward Students’ Reading Skill. Attractive

The Students’ Reading Skill after the Implementation f CSR Technique

Table 2. Table Frequency Distribution of Posttest

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>Interval</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>62,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>68,75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>81,25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>87,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>93,75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From the table above it can conclude that there was improvement before the implementation of CSR technique and after the CSR applied to the students. There were 3 students got 62,5, 4 students got 68,75, 4 students got 75, 5 students got 81,25, 7 students got 87,5 and there were 9 students got the highest scores or 93,75.

The Effectiveness of Collaborative Strategic Reading Toward Students’ Reading Skill at 8I Grade of SMP 1 Jombang.

Table 3. Scores Posttest and Pretest English Reading

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scores</th>
<th>Mean</th>
<th>Gain scores</th>
<th>Weight of effectiveness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Posttest</td>
<td>81,58</td>
<td>22,98</td>
<td>8.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pretest</td>
<td>58,6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The statistical hypothesis in this study was tested using T test, with significance level (a)5%. Calculation of the T test was completed with SPSS for windows 13.0 program. Hypothesis criteria are accepted if the price is calculated smaller than t table at a significance level of 5%, Ho is accepted and Ha rejected and. Conversely, if the price of t is greater than Ttable at 5% significance level then Ho is rejected and Ha is accepted.

The Students Reading Skill Before the Implementation of CSR Technique At VIII I Grade of SMPN 1 Jombang.

Before the teacher apply the collaborative strategic reading to the students or it called pre-test, the researcher need to know the students capability in reading English text, so the teacher would prepare all of the stuff that needed in this research. The teacher obtained the pretest results it was apprehensive about the scores of the students. From 32 students at 8I grade in SMP 1 Jogoroto no one students reach the KKM of the English Lesson. When the teacher asked the students how they like Study English, most the students did not interest to learn English they felt so less motivation when read the English text. There are many problem that the researcher should solved those are: the students did not understand the meaning of the English text, the teacher did not really good in teaching English reading, the students did not know how to read the English text because it really different from reading in indonesia. In Summary, the students reading skill before the implementation of CSR technique is really low it can be seen from the scores above. The pre-test mean scores is 58,6.

The Students Reading Skill after the Implementation of CSR Technique at 8I in SMP 1 Jogoroto
After the teacher apply the collaborative strategic reading to the students who used to be enthusiastic about learning English are now very different, they respond well when the teacher explains about English lessons, they are also more fluent in reading English texts. This is because the CSR model requires students to learn cooperatively so that they are more willing to read and appreciate their opinions aloud.

In line with the statement above, (Finandar, 2012) explained that CSR techniques consist of two parts. That part is strategy and learning Cooperative. Fortunately students can be invited to work together to apply the collaborative strategic reading. They really helps this research so that their posttest scores are better than their pretest scores. It can be seen from their mean scores of pretest and posttest. The pretest scores of the students were 58,6 it really different after the implementation of CSR technique the posttest scores were 81,58 that means the CSR technique is very effective on the students’ ability to read English text.

The Effectiveness of CSR Technique Toward Students’ Reading Ability

Based on the T-test calculation, it was concluded that there was significant differences in students reading skill in learning achievement English reading skill at grade 8 I of SMP 1 Jogoroto. The complete data is presented in the following table T-test results Posttest English Reading skills. The posttest scores had a mean of 81,58 and Pretest scores had 64,53 the mean of the posttest scores is greater than the pretest scores (81,58 > 58,6).

The test hypotheses regarding the effectiveness of using techniques Collaborative strategic reading (CSR) it is sought by looking at the effectiveness weights. This is to find out the effectiveness of using collaborative strategic reading toward students reading ability.

Collaborative strategic reading techniques according to Klinger and Vaughn (1998) aims to improve reading comprehension and enhance conceptual learning. Based on the results of the study showed that this technique can increase the motivation of students to be more active and enthusiastic in learning to read English, in addition this CSR technique is proven to be able to improve the achievement of English reading skills of 8th grade students of SMP 1 Jogoroto.

The steps for implementing Collaborative strategic reading (CSR) are:

1. The teacher divides students into groups.
2. The teacher divides the roles in each group member
3. The teacher divides reading material and worksheets in the form of learning logs on each group
4. The teacher asks students to read according to the stage of CSR. Namely preview, click and clunk, get the gist and wrap up
5. The teachers guides students in carrying out the CSR stages up to all stages exceeded.
6. The teacher ask each group to send one representative from the group to read the results of their learning log in front of the class
7. The teacher correct the learning log of students if there are errors.
8. The teacher together with students make conclusions about the reading that has been they learned today.

The result of the pretest is not really good, it means that the students reading ability in SMPN 1 Jogoroto is low. The second try out of the pretest is good but the result not really satisfied. Fortunately after the researcher apply the Collaborative strategic reading to students at 8 I their scores of the post-test is increase. It means that the Collaborative strategic reading is improved the students reading ability in SMP 1 Jogoroto at 8I grade. The treatment was done 2 times with the limitation of 40 minutes at VIII I of SMP 1
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Jogoroto from March 14, 2020 to March 26, 2020. There was a pre-test before the Collaborative Strategic Reading treatment and post-test after the treatment.

The finding of this article was the use of collaborative strategic reading techniques in learning English reading skill effective in increasing students’ reading skill at VIII grade of SMP 1 Jogoroto. Any significant difference in students reading skill before and after the Collaborative Strategic Reading treatment at VIII grade of SMP 1 Jogoroto. This is evidenced from the value of pre-test and post-test in experimental class that after the students applied the collaborative strategic reading treatment their value in post-test better than the value in pre-test. Using strategy is very urgent to decide all plans in learning process. Strategy can help the teacher in explaining or teaching the material in order to their students easier to understand what we learn in learning process (Sari, Y. A., & Suhono, S. 2017; Suhono, S., & Sari, Y. A. 2017). Other finding showed that more than 80 percent of the students gave vastly positive responses in relation to CSR classroom implementation. This approach not only helped them to develop their reading skills, but also produced positive outcomes in their social relationships and interactions in the classroom and gave significant main effect for proficiency level nor a significant interaction effect of reading intervention and proficiency (Gani et al., 2016; Babapour et al., 2019; Rosari & Mujiyanto, 2016). Teachers in CSR classrooms were also more likely to provide feedback to students and mainly motivated by the desire to highlight the significance of strategies in language teaching and study the way the new developments, in this area can facilitate and promote the process of reading comprehension (Boardman, A. G., et al., 2016; Nosratinia, & Fateh, 2017).

CONCLUSION
Based on the results of the research and conclusions in discussion can be drawn as follow: There is significant difference in students reading skill before and after the Collaborative Strategic Reading treatment at VIII grade of SMP 1 Jogoroto. This is evidenced from the value of pre-test and post-test in experimental class that after the students applied the collaborative strategic reading treatment their value in post-test better than the value in pre-test. The use of collaborative strategic reading techniques in learning English reading skill effective in increasing students reading skill at VIII grade of SMP 1 Jogoroto. It is proved from the result of Pre-test and post-test VIII Grade of SMP 1 Jogoroto.

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